How Does JATS 1.2 (in vote) Differ From JATS 1.1?

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Status of JATS 1.2

An update

- Standing Committee vote
- NISO membership vote
- ANSI vote

New Elements

New Article Metadata

Article Current Version Status or Number

`<article-version>`

- *Rationale:* Many articles "published" more than once
  - preprints
  - continuous maintenance
  - revised article
- *Content:* One status type, version number, lifecycle stage, etc.
- *Caution:* JATS is agnostic about the exact definition of "version"

```
<article-version
  @article-version-type="preprint">XJDAL-pre-34752</article-version>


<article-version
  vocab="JAV"
  vocab-identifier="http://www.niso.org/publications/rp/RP-8-2008.pdf"
  article-version-type="VoR"
  vocab-term="Version of Record">version-of-record</article-version>
```

Publication History

`<pub-history>`

- *Rationale:* Publishing history of an article used to be `<date>`s for received/accepted/published.
  Things can be more complicated now.

- *Content:* Not just the date of an event, but description of it in a new `<event>` element

- *Usage:* Keep the publishing history with the XML of the article, not in a production database

Events

```
<event>
 <event-desc>The first version of this work was submitted
 to Journal A and rejected because "the subject matter
 is outside the editorial scope of the journal"</event-desc>
 <date date-type="submitted" iso-8601-date="2015-01-29">
  <day>29</day><month>01</month>
  <year>2015</year>
 </date>
 <date date-type="rejected" iso-8601-date="2015-02-15">
  <day>15</day><month>02</month>
  <year>2015</year>
 </date>
 <self-uri
   xlink:href="http:/journala.puba.com/preprints/abcd12390"
   content-type="preprint"/>
</event>

<event>
 <event-desc>A slightly reworked manuscript of this
 article was accepted at Journal B</event-desc>
 <date date-type="submitted" iso-8601-date="2017-03-03">
  <day>03</day><month>03</month>
  <year>2017</year>
 </date>
 <date date-type="accepted" iso-8601-date="2017-06-15">
  <day>15</day><month>06</month>
  <year>2017</year>
 </date>
 <self-uri
   xlink:href="http:/journalB.pubB.com/preprint/abrft6789"
   content-type="preprint"/>
</event>
```

Publication Date Not Available Flag

`<pub-date-not-available>`

- *Rationale:* Folks put in EMPTY publication date in Blue because `<pub-date>` element is required

- *Content:* EMPTY element, just a flag

- *Usage:* Either

  - put in a `<pub-date>`, or

  - put in a `<pub-date-not-available>`

Non-monetary Funding Information

- *Rationale:* JATS metadata `<funding-group>` describes funding sources, awards, contracts, principles, etc

- But not all support is *money*:
  - facilities
  - computer time
  - data sets provided
  - photographic processing
  - deep sea sampling

Structures to describe non-monetary support added

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Grouping Element for Both Kinds of Funding

`<support-group>`

- Container for all support (money *and* other)

- Contains

    - `<funding-group>` (describes money support)

    - `<contributed-resource-group>` (describes resources support)

```
... inside metadata ...
   funding-group*
   support-group
      funding-group*
      contributed-resource-group*
```

Inside metadata, `<funding-group>` is peer of `<support-group>` for backwards compatibility

`<contributed-resource-group>` Parallels `<funding-group>`

- Both may contain award groups

- Both may contain human readable statements

- `<contributed-resource-group>` also includes resource descriptions

```
funding-group*
   award-group*
   funding-statement*
   open-access*
contributed-resource-group*
   award-group*
   support-description*
   resource-group*
```

Other New Elements

Inline Index Terms (to generate index)
(model adopted from BITS)

- Term embedded in the text; programs generate indexes

- Attribute `@index-type` allows for multiple indexes

- An `<index-term>` contains:

  - a **term** (maybe nothing else)

  - maybe **See entries**

  - maybe **See-Also entries**

  - maybe a lower-level index term

```
<p>However, the First Amendment does not bar the
issuance or execution of a warrant to search a newsroom
<index-term><term>Newspapers</term><see-also>Speech
and press</see-also></index-term> to obtain photographs
of demonstrators who had injured several policemen,
although the Court appeared to suggest ...</p>
```

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Inline Media

`<inline-media>`

Description of/pointer to external media object file
(a pronunciation file for a word or character)

- Relates to `<media>` as `<inline-graphic>` does to `<graphic>`

- Same model as `<inline-supplementary-material>`
  (face markup, accessibility, links)

- Takes optional linking and vocabulary attributes

```
<p>Again she called on <inline-media id="celtic-name-hafgan"
content-type="pronunciation" mimetype="audio" mime-subtype="mp3"
xlink:href="http://celtic.cmrs.ucla.edu/csana/pronunciation/hafgan.mp3"
vocab="CSANA Pronunciations for Celtic Texts"
vocab-identifier="http://celtic.cmrs.ucla.edu/csana/pronunciation.html">
Hafgan</inline-media>, to see if he would ...</p>
```

Changed Content Models

`<contrib>` Model Changed

- Added `<string-name>` to `<contrib>`
- So a name may be given as:
  - anonymous
  - collab
  - collab-alternatives (several versions of one collaboration)
  - name
  - name-alternatives (several versions of one name)
  - string-name

Attributes

`<role>` takes Vocabulary Attributes

- `@vocab` — vocabulary name (taxonomy, ontology, database)

- `@vocab-identifier` — pointer to vocabulary (URI or DOI)

- `@vocab-term` — canonical form of free form prose content

- `@vocab-term-identifier` — pointer to term in vocabulary (URL, item number)

`<role>` also takes `@degree-of-contribution`

- Contributor level of contribution

- Values are unconstrained, but expected values (particularly for CRediT roles) are:

  - Lead — Contributor was one of the lead contributors

  - Supporting — Contributor was one of the supporting contributors, not a lead

  - Equal — Contributor was neither a lead nor a supporting contributor, all contributors were equal

- Attribute *not* intended for numerical values

```
<contrib>
  <string-name><given-names>Barbara</given-names> <surname>Johnston</surname>
  </string-name>
  <role degree-contribution="lead"
  vocab="CRediT"
  vocab-identifier="http://dictionary.casrai.org/Contributor_Roles"
  vocab-term="Conceptualization"
  vocab-term-identifier=
    "http://dictionary.casrai.org/Contributor_Roles/Conceptualization"
  study designer</role>
</contrib>

<contrib><string-name>Bonnie Blair</string-name>
  <role degree-contribution="lead"
  vocab="CRediT"   vocab-term="Data curation"
  vocab-term-identifier=
   "http://dictionary.casrai.org/Contributor_Roles/Data_curation"
  >Data Curation</role>
</contrib>
```

Assigning Authority Attribute

`@assigning-authority`

- Names organization/system that administers or is otherwise responsible for (has authority over) an identifier

- Typical examples include:
  Crossref, OCLC, GenBank, Ringgold, PDB, Figshare, and ORCID

- The type of identifier (such as a DOI) recorded using a "-type" attribute such as `@pub-id-type` or `@contrib-id-type`

`@assigning-authority` **Available for**

- `<article-id>`

- `<contrib-id>`

- `<ext-link>`

- `<institution-id>`

- `<issue-id>`

- `<journal-id>`

- `<object-id>`

- `<pub-id>`

- `<volume-id>`

`@pub-id-type`

- Current value of `@pub-id-type` may hold *either* a

  - type-of-identifier ("`doi`"), or

  - authority-for-identifier ("`figshare`")

- Now you can say *both* by using:

  - `@pub-id-type` to say what kind of ID (DOI, URL)

  - `@assigning-authority` to say whose identifier (Crossref, Figshare, GenBank, whoever)

```
<element-citation publication-type="journal">...
<pub-id
   pub-id-type="doi"
   assigning-authority="figshare"
 >10.6084/m9.figshare.939408</pub-id>
</element-citation>
```

`@style-type` Attribute

- Western emphasis (bold, italic) cannot describe some non-Latin languages

- In Japanese, authors use emphasizing marks associated with a Japanese character called, "Kenten" (dots or sesamis)

- The JATS solution: Added attribute @style-detail

  - to the `<styled-content>` element

  - used in conjunction with the @style, @style-type, @specific-use

  - provides 3 pieces of styling information

```
<styled-content specific-use="emphasis"
    style="sesami"
    style-type="dot"
    style-detail="open" >some content...</styled-content>
```

`@use-type`

How was the Cited Data used?

- Used on a citation `<mixed-citation>` or `<element-citation>`)

- Talks about use of cited material with suggested values:

  - `generated-data`

  - `analyzed-data`

  - `non-analyzed-data`

Warning: This may be material that only authors know, that may not be stated in the text currently.

```
<mixed-citation
  publication-type="data"
  use-type="generated-data">...
</mixed-citation>
```

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And Lots More Little Stuff

- All backwards compatible

- Too many to mention in 15 minutes!

More details at https://groups.niso.org/apps/group_public/download.php/
20333/NISO-JATS-1-1-to-1-2.pdf

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